CINCTORRES







Apart from the archaeological remains from the Eneolithic period and the abundant Iberian remains, Cinctorres may have existed as such in Arab times, as it is included in the Town Charter of Camarón dating from 1194. After the Reconquest, it was repopulated by Blasco de Alagón in 1231. It passed to

the crown as a village of Morella, until Charles II granted it the title of Villa Real

(Royal Town) and autonomy in 1691. It

Its place name is possibly due to the fact

that there were five towers either in the town centre or in the municipal district.

supported the Carlist side during the

Carlist Wars.

PALACE OF SANTJOANS

Aragonese civil Gothic building, which has its origins in the 15th century, although the current structure dates from the 17th century.

It currently houses the Dinomania Museum.



WELL SQUARE AND SAN LLUÍS HERMITAGE

The Plaza del Pozo (well square) is the town's hu. Just before reaching it, we find the hermitage of San Lluís, from the 17th century, erected on the remains of an older one.

TOWN HALL

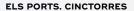
The "Casa de la Vila" was built between the 15th and 16th centuries. Its exterior is notable for the stone doorway that forms a semicircular arch and the porch flanked by segmental arches.



THE MORISH TOWER

Auxiliary tower with a quadrangular floor plan, 3.60 x 3.70 m, of which the exact date of construction is unknown. It is one of the towers referred to in the Cinctorres toponymy. There are visible remains of four floors.





CINCTORRES

RELIGIOUS SITES

Ermita de la Mare de Déu de Gràcia: Of particular note is the bell tower outside the church, 2 kilometres from Cinctorres.

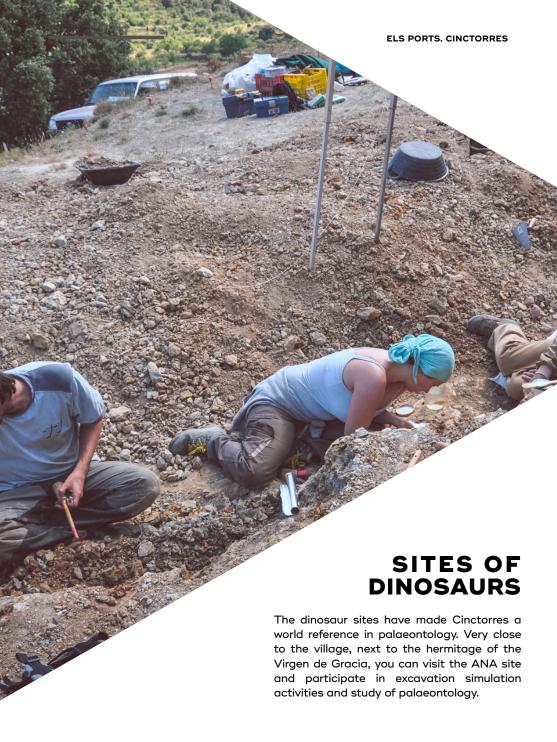
Ermita de San Marcos: Possibly the most interesting in Cinctorres, dating from the 16th century. Rectangular building with two-pointed roofs, supported by three Gothic diaphragm arches and with a side entrance. It is 9 metres wide and 20 metres long.

Ermita de San Pedro: 3 km from the village, a rectangular building with a gabled roof, supported by two diaphragm arches.

Ermita del Pilar: Next to the old washing place. It measures 6×7 metres and was built by Pascual Serret, using alms. Its construction was completed in 1763.



This church dates back to the 18th century, in the neoclassical style, and is remarkable for its majesty and its two bell towers.





DINOMANIA MUSEUM

The Santjoans Palace houses a dinosaur museum with a display of hundreds of fossils unearthed and reproductions of various skeletons of some of the species found. All of this is illustrated graphically and audio-visually with interactive elements that allow visitors to learn about the world of dinosaurs in a didactic and entertaining way.



GASTRONOMY

The gastronomy of Cinctorres is rich in meats and sausages, especially the more traditional ones such as veal, ham, cecina and fried meats, all accompanied by exquisite desserts such as cuajada and sweets such as "les coquetes" or "almendrados". To finish, we recommend a small glass of "gitam" (royal díctamo) brandy for a good digestion.

ROUTES AND TRAILS

Discover the charm of the Cinctorres landscape on foot. With these 7 routes that skirt the most emblematic corners of the municipality, you will find different options full of architectural charm, history and above all, lots of nature to enjoy. Long-distance trails such as the GR 331 Camí de Conquesta, short-distance trails such as the PR-CV 118 and 308 and local trails SL-CV 119, 36, 35, 34 and 33.



IN THE WILD

RAMBLA DE CELUMBRES

The Natural Site of the Rambla de Celumbres, with the canyon formed between the Roca Parda and the Roca Roja, has a great natural charm.

BIRD WATCHING

There are six birdwatching points in Cinctorres: Conreus, Pinar, Carrascal, Río, Urbano and Tallats observatories. From here you can practice ornithology and contemplate the great variety of Els Ports' wildlife.

FL BOVALAD

The Bovalar caves are located at the highest point of the municipality (1259 m.). The Sima del Bovalar is the largest in the region, with a large number of formations.





LA FAJA MUSEUM

Located in the old hospital of the XVI century, it shows the process of production and sale of the belt, through the figure of "El Faixero", who travelled around the peninsula selling the product that the women wove in the municipality.

FEASTS

PATRON SAINT FEASTS IN HONOUR OF MARE DE DÉU DE GRACIA

Date: last week of August.

SANT CRISTÒFOL

Drivers' festival. The cars are blessed and a popular meal is held. Date: second weekend of July

PILGRIMAGES

Four are celebrated in Cinctorres:
Sant Marc (third weekend of April),
Sant Pere (fourth weekend of
April), Sant Cristòfol (1st or 2nd
Saturday of May) and Mare de
Déu de Gracia (the day after San
Cristóbal).

SANT ANTONI

Main winter festival, with fire as the main protagonist. Date: Last weekend of January or first weekend of February.

DYNOMANIA WEEK

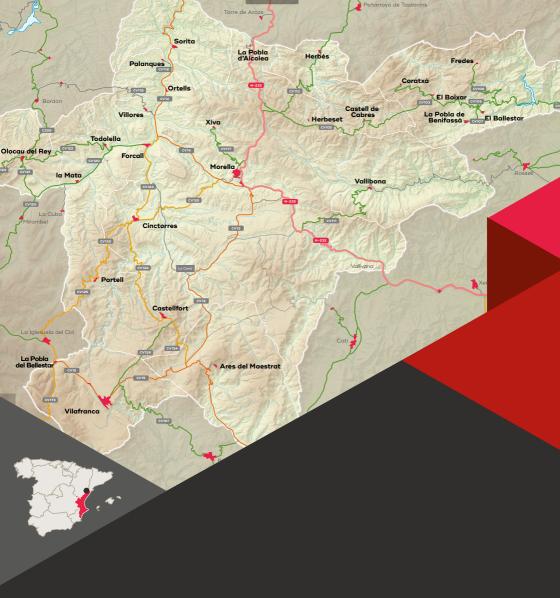
Second week of November.

Dinomania Trail. Mountain race (21 km and +-900m of slope) and walking (13 km. and +- 430 m of slope)

Gastronomy: Tapas and Dinomania Menus.

Transmedia-Dinomania Day.

Museum Open Day.









www.elsports.es/cinctorres · www.cinctorres.es · www.dinomania.es













